

Discussion of “When Machine Comes to Town: Fund Analysts’ Performance with Artificial Intelligence”

Yong Yu (UT-Austin)

I like the paper

- **Important question**
 - How AI affects humans
 - Machine vs. Man or Machina + Man? How do humans adapt?
- **Interesting setting**
 - Importance of the mutual fund industry
 - Influence of Morningstar ratings on investors and fund managers
- **Design features**
 - Introduction of machine ratings as a natural experiment
 - Tests of pillar ratings and analyst reports
- **Economically meaningful results**
 - Improvement in human ratings (68.8 basis points in annual return)
 - Consistent results from textual analysis of analyst reports

Some thoughts (or confusions)

- Extant literature and incremental contribution
- Other effects on analysts' ratings
- Arguments and tests for the disciplinary channel
- Tests of the learning channel and cross-sectional tests
- Design of the event study

Extant literature and incremental contribution

- Broader literature on effects of new technology on humans
- Line of research on effects of AI and big data in the financial industry
 - Equity analysts, fund managers, loan officers, rating agencies, etc.
- General findings (not always) from prior research
 - Disruptions to labor market (machine vs. man)
 - Humans move to tasks they are good at (adaptation)
 - Complement each other (machine + man)
- Incremental contribution: fund analysts (event study), the channels (disciplinary), and analysis of detailed reports

Other effects of AI on analysts

- Relative advantages of AI and human:
 - AI: public, hard information; diverse sources; no cognitive bias
 - Human: private, soft information; social; new funds; innovation
 - Complements: machine + man
- Introduction of AI could also affect ratings through:
 - Analyst turnover
 - Matching between analysts and funds
 - Allocation of resources and efforts
 - Market demand and analyst compensation

Arguments and tests of the disciplinary channel

- Arguments: AI reduces analysts' optimistic bias for socially connected funds
 - Career concerns about being replaced by AI
 - AI ratings making bias more visible
- Does the optimism for those funds reflect bias or information?
 - Social connection brings private information – even more important after AI comes
 - Analysts self-select to cover funds they are optimistic about
 - Test the impact of the optimism on performance?
- Are AI ratings less optimistic for these funds?
 - Matched fund analysis
 - Self-construct AI ratings based on Morningstar algorithms for human-covered funds
- Directly link ratings performance to the reduction in optimism for these funds?

Tests of the learnings channel and cross-sectional tests

- Learning channel: analyst ratings improve more when AI covers more funds in the same fund category
 - Hard to attribute to learning only – competition and discipline have a similar effect
 - Analysis of analyst report content might be helpful
- Cross-sectional tests: AI has a stronger effect on more experienced and better performing analysts
 - Some difficulty in interpreting these results
 - Tests of their skill sets: substitute or complement for AI?
 - Tests of what they have changed: hard vs. soft information, coverage selection, etc.

Design of the event study

- Events:
 - 02/2015: internal circulation of snapshots
 - 06/2016: soft launched for U.S. subscribers
 - 06/2017: officially launched [Event used in the current design]
- Analysis of earlier events can be helpful
 - Strengthen the tests of the total impacts
 - Distinguish between different channels
 - Examine local vs. foreign investors
- Need of a control group: pre-post tests are vulnerable