Green Mortgages

João F. Cocco^{1,2} Bernardo Mendes¹ S. Lakshmi Naaraayanan¹

¹London Business School

 $^{2}CEPR$

ABFER 12th Annual Conference

19-22 May 2025

Financing the green transition

- Banks play a central role in capital allocation in the economy and are key to financing the transition to a net-zero economy (\$9.2 trillion per year (McKinsey (2022))
- Among the assets they finance, residential real estate is particularly significant in the context of the transition
 - Residential buildings account for approximately 22% of global energy consumption and 17% of CO₂ emissions (Programme, 2020; International Energy Agency, 2023)
- However, significant barriers persist in financing energy efficiency improvements (Giglio et al., 2021; Berkouwer and Dean, 2022; Lanteri and Rampini, 2023)
- ▶ In response, banks are increasingly offering products known as Green Mortgages
 - Energy efficient mortgages (EEMs)

▶ The term 'green' refers to the energy efficiency of the properties being financed

Objective:

- Incentivize borrowers to own more environmentally friendly properties
- Purchase energy-efficient properties or retrofit existing ones



What are green mortgages?



Barclays Green Buy-to-Let mortgages Buy an energy efficient property and get a lower rate



EKO £500 REWARD

For clients purchasing a property with high levels of energy efficiency.



Place your case

🔁 nationwide

Get rewarded for buying a greener home

With our Green Reward offer, you could get up to £500 cashback when you buy an energy-efficient home.

NatWest

What is a Green Mortgage?

- Our Green Mortgages reward you for purchasing or remortgaging an energy efficient home by offering a reduced mortgage rate on a 2 year or 5 year fixed rate mortgage.
- If you're purchasing or remortgaging a property with a valid Energy Performance Certificate (EPC) rating of A or B then you could get mortgage with a lower interest rate with a Green Mortgage.



This paper

- 1. What financial benefits do lenders offer on green mortgages?
- 2. Test two explanations for why lenders offer green mortgages
- Daily data on the universe of mortgage loans on offer in the UK mortgage market 'Mortgage Supermarket' (Benetton, 2021)
- Magnitude of financial benefits: compare green to similar non-green products available on the market on the same day
- Test two explanations for why lenders offer green mortgages:
 - Lower financing risk, as more energy-efficient properties are less expensive to run and have higher collateral value
 - Market segmentation, as part of lenders' product differentiation strategy and customer acquisition

Preview of the results

I: Characterization of green mortgages

- ► Green products are significant and have been growing in prominence, particularly in the owner-occupied segment 10% to 15% during our sample period
- Offered by private lenders, without government subsidies or regulatory requirements
- The vast majority of green mortgages offered are based on the current energy rating of the property (97%) instead of future improvements in energy efficiency (3%)
- Two types of financial benefits: preferential rate and cashback
 - Owner-occupied segment: preferential rate (39%) and cashback (76%)
 - ▶ Landlord segment: preferential rate (78%) and cashback (14%)
- May reflect differences in borrowers' financial conditions

Preview of the results

II: Financial benefits on green mortgages

Preferential rate:

- Across lenders: 35 b.p. discount \rightarrow annual benefits of £700
- Within lender: 9 b.p discount \rightarrow annual benefits of £180
- Similar in owner-occupied and landlord segments

Cashback:

- Similar across and within lenders: 52-53% more likely to offer cashback
- Average equivalent annual cashback amount £49-56 higher
- Products with preferential rates offer more significant financial benefits
- ▶ In contrast, green products offering <u>cashback</u> provide significantly smaller financial gains

Preview of the results

III: Potential explanations

- Evidence does not support lower financing risk
- Evidence supporting customer acquisition
 - Particularly for cashback-based products

Related Literature

- Debt contracts targeting climate change + bank lending to firms for climate transition
 (Zerbib (2019); Tang and Zhang (2020); Flammer (2021); Baker et al. (2022); Kim et al., (2022); Du et al., (2023); Flammer et al., (2024);
 Kacperczyk and Peydro (2022); Houston and Shan (2022); Sachdeva et al. (2024); Green and Vallee (2024); Ivanov et al. (2024))
 → Menu of green mortgages and their features/benefits (green transition)
- Climate change impacts mortgage markets + energy efficiency gap + credit for the adoption of energy savings technologies (government interventions)
 (Issler et al., (2020); Gete and Tsouderou, (2021); Allcott and Greenstone, (2012); Berkouwer and Dean (2022); Adelino and Robinson,
 (2023); Bellon et al., (2024); Fowlie et al. (2018); Clara et al. (2024))

 \rightarrow Provision of credit by the private sector and loan features offered by lenders

3. Motivations of banks to originate green lending

Giannetti et al., (2023); Haushalter et al., (2023); De Haas (2024); Morse and Sastry (2024); de Bandt et al. (2023)

 \rightarrow Heterogeneity in the nature and magnitudes of the benefits of green mortgages

The UK mortgage market

'Mortgage Supermarket' (Benetton, 2021):

- ▶ Many different products on offer each day, by different lenders, and with different characteristics
- Initial period of discounted and fixed interest rate (2- and 5-years), and most borrowers refinance their loans after this period
- ▶ Two distinct segments: owner-occupied (70% of mortgages products) and buy-to-let

Moneyfacts Group Plc data (Coen et al. (2023); Benetton et al. (2024)):

- Universe on mortgages on offer in the UK
- Daily detailed information on: (i) market segment; (ii) product characteristics (including green status and requirements); (iii) lender identity
- Around 180,000 unique mortgage contracts (4M obs. 480,000 green obs.) between May 27, 2022 and September 30, 2023



Financial Benefits on Green Mortgages

Estimating the green premium on offer

Econometric Specification:

$$y_{ijblt} = \alpha + \beta \cdot \text{Green}_i + \lambda_{jbt} + \varepsilon_{ijblt}$$
(1)

- ► λ_{jblt} : product type (j) × borrower type (b) × day (t) fixed effects
 - Product types: interest rate type, initial interest rate fixation period, maximum LTV ratio
 - Borrower types: first-time buyers, second-time buyers, remortgagors and others
 - Products offered on the same day
- ▶ Products offered by the same lender \rightarrow lender (1) fixed effects
- Standard errors clustered by lender
- \blacktriangleright β compares benefits using variation across green and non-green products of the same type, offered to similar borrowers, on the same day, by the same lender

Magnitude of the financial benefits: Initial rate

		Green Products Stating "Preferential Rate" as a Benefit							
Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)								
Segment:		Owner-occupie	d		Landlord				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Green	-0.35 (0.30)	-0.35* (0.19)	-0.09** (0.04)	-0.36 (0.23)	-0.30 (0.18)	-0.11*** (0.01)			
Constant	5.53*** (0.17)	5.53*** (0.13)	5.56*** (0.00)	5.90*** (0.19)	5.91*** (0.15)	5.94*** (0.00)			
Observations	2,591,029	2,563,852	2,344,562	1,110,279	1,097,708	1,033,411			
Adjusted R-Squared	0.53	0.64	0.95	0.53	0.62	0.94			
Mean Dep. Variable	5.51	5.52	5.55	5.87	5.88	5.93			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product \times Day$	Yes			Yes					
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes			

▶ Green products offer an average 35 b.p. discount relative to similar non-green products

Conditioning on similar products offered by the same lender, the discount decreases to 9 b.p.

Magnitude of the financial benefits: Cashback

		Green Products Stating "Cashback" as a Benefit								
Dependent Variable:	C	ashback (Binar	y)	Cashback Amount (£)						
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)				
Green	0.62*** (0.06)	0.53*** (0.08)	0.52*** (0.14)	295.98*** (55.79)	241.76*** (43.64)	211.25*** (43.75)				
Constant	0.29*** (0.03)	0.30*** (0.03)	0.31*** (0.01)	123.20*** (16.74)	128.95*** (16.22)	135.22*** (4.61)				
Observations	2,718,053	2,691,805	2,469,256	2,717,949	2,691,701	2,469,236				
Adjusted R-Squared	0.19	0.30	0.63	0.15	0.27	0.67				
Mean Dep. Variable	0.35	0.35	0.36	151.74	152.49	157.48				
Fixed Effects:										
$Product \times Day$	Yes			Yes						
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes					
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes				

► Green products are 52-53% more likely to offer cashback

Average cashback amount is £211-241 higher

Back-of-the-envelope calculations

- Average owner-occupied mortgage in the UK:
 - Loan amount = $\pounds 200,000$
 - ► 5-year fixation period
 - ▶ Initial interest rate (discount rate) = 5.26% (or 5% within top 7 lenders)

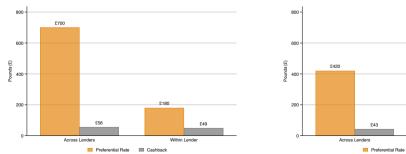
Back-of-the-envelope calculations

Average owner-occupied mortgage in the UK:

• Loan amount = $\pounds200,000$

(a) All lenders

- ▶ 5-year fixation period
- ▶ Initial interest rate (discount rate) = 5.26% (or 5% within top 7 lenders)





(b) Top 7 lenders

£50

Within Lender

Cashback

Additional Results

- Lender heterogeneity Go
- Financial group fixed effects (based on ultimate ownership) Go
- Other contractual features:
 - Product fees Solution
 - Reversion rate Go
- Interaction between stated benefits and contractual features Go

Default Risk:

Cash-flow and collateral value channels

Default Risk

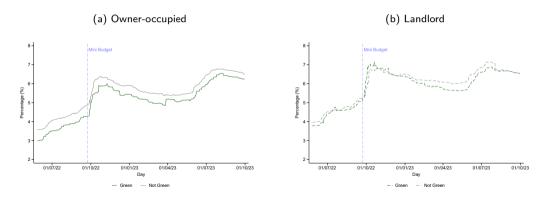
► All else equal, borrowers seeking mortgages for green properties have lower financing risk

Cash-flow channel:

- Green properties are less expensive to run \Rightarrow greater capacity to service debt
- Particularly relevant in periods of high interest rate
- Under this channel, \uparrow interest rate $\Rightarrow \uparrow$ financial benefits of green mortgages
- How to test: exploit mini-budget announcement Go
- Alternatively: changes in energy prices

Default Risk

Average Initial Interest Rate



Default Risk

► All else equal, borrowers seeking mortgages for green properties have lower default risk

Cash-flow channel:

- Green properties are less expensive to run \Rightarrow greater capacity to service debt
- Particularly relevant in periods of high interest rate
- Under this channel, \uparrow interest rate $\Rightarrow \uparrow$ financial benefits of green mortgages
- How to test: exploit mini-budget announcement So
- Alternatively: changes in energy prices Go

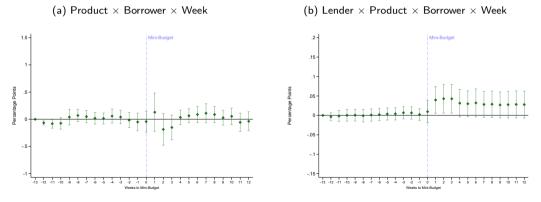
Collateral value channel:

- Green properties have higher value ('green premium') and are resilient to 'brown discount'
- Particularly important for loans with high LTV ratios
- Under this channel, \uparrow LTV ratio $\Rightarrow \uparrow$ financial benefits of green mortgages
- How to test: heterogeneity by LTV ratio Go

Cash-flow channel

> 3-month window around the mini-budget announcement — Owner-occupied

Initial Rate_{*ijblt*} =
$$\alpha + \beta \cdot \text{Green}_i + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \theta_t \cdot \mathbb{1}(t) \cdot \text{Green}_i + \lambda_{jblt} + \varepsilon_{ijblt}$$
 (2)

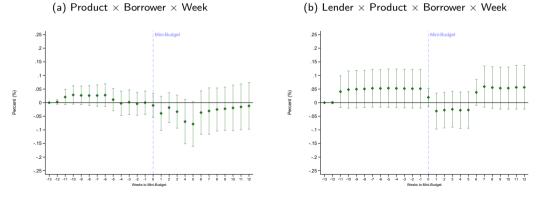




Cash-flow channel

> 3-month window around the mini-budget announcement — Owner-occupied

$$\mathsf{Cashback}_{ijblt} = \alpha + \beta \cdot \mathsf{Green}_i + \sum_{t=1}^{T} \theta_t \cdot \mathbb{1}(t) \cdot \mathsf{Green}_i + \lambda_{jblt} + \varepsilon_{ijblt}$$
(2)





Collateral value channel

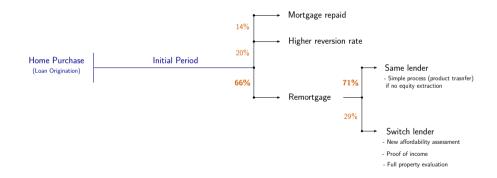
Segment:				Lan	dlord			
Dependent Variable:	Initial F	Rate (%)	Cashback (Binary)		Cashback Amount (£)		Initial Rate (%)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Green	-0.39 (0.24)	-0.05* (0.02)	0.40*** (0.13)	0.39** (0.17)	168.57*** (34.06)	131.84** (65.85)	-0.17 (0.19)	-0.10*** (0.01)
Green \times 65 < LTV Ratio \leq 75	-0.01 (0.12)	-0.02 (0.01)	-0.11 (0.09)	-0.09 (0.06)	-19.51 (46.30)	-14.54 (38.36)		
Green \times 75 < LTV Ratio \le 85	0.23 (0.19)	0.01 (0.02)	-0.09 (0.08)	-0.01 (0.07)	-12.61 (46.74)	26.37 (42.69)		
Green \times LTV Ratio > 85	0.36 (0.25)	0.03 (0.02)	-0.01 (0.07)	0.12 (0.08)	-1.15 (28.33)	41.74 (29.55)		
Green \times LTV Ratio = 70							-0.33 (0.22)	0.00 (0.01)
Green $ imes$ LTV Ratio = 75							0.09 (0.19)	0.05 (0.06)
Green $ imes$ LTV Ratio > 75							0.45*** (0.17)	0.35** (0.10)
Constant	5.51*** (0.13)	5.52*** (0.00)	0.30*** (0.03)	0.30*** (0.02)	128.94*** (15.96)	133.48*** (8.65)	5.92*** (0.15)	5.96** (0.00)
Observations Adjusted R-Squared Mean Dep. Variable	2,775,739 0.65 5.48	2,555,194 0.95 5.51	2,775,739 0.26 0.34	2,555,194 0.60 0.35	2,775,635 0.24 148.71	2,555,174 0.63 152.95	1,126,318 0.62 5.90	1,062,00 0.94 5.95
Fixed Effects: Product × Borrower × Day	Yes		Yes	2.00	Yes		Yes	0.00
Product × Borrower × Day × Lender	.es	Yes	.es	Yes	. 65	Yes	.es	Yes

Does not support the higher collateral value explanation

Market Segmentation

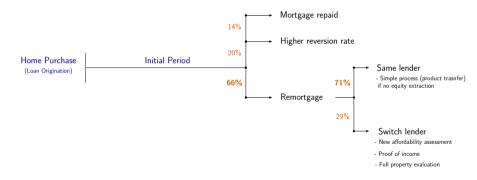
Customer acquisition: cashback offers to buyers only

▶ We leverage distinctive features of the UK mortgage market (Belgibayeva et al., 2024))



Customer acquisition: cashback offers to buyers only

▶ We leverage distinctive features of the UK mortgage market (Belgibayeva et al., 2024))



Products are differentially available to buyers and remortgagors (observable in the data)

Customer acquisition: cashback offers to buyers only

Dependent Variable:	Bu	yers Only (Bina	ary)	Available	to Remortgago	rs (Binary)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Green	0.31*** (0.10)	0.22** (0.10)	0.02 (0.03)	-0.23*** (0.07)	-0.10*** (0.04)	0.07* (0.04)
Cashback (Binary) $[eta_1]$			-0.12 (0.13)			0.28*** (0.10)
Green $ imes$ Cashback (Binary) [eta_2]			0.35*** (0.12)			-0.40*** (0.10)
Constant	0.32*** (0.03)	0.34*** (0.01)	0.38*** (0.04)	0.60*** (0.04)	0.58*** (0.00)	0.50*** (0.03)
Observations	2,802,916	2,681,817	2,681,817	2,802,916	2,681,817	2,681,81
Adjusted R-Squared	0.10	0.25	0.27	0.11	0.33	0.37
Mean Dep. Variable	0.36	0.37	0.37	0.57	0.57	0.57
P-value $\beta_1 + \beta_2$			0.03			0.02
Fixed Effects:						
Product \times Day	Yes			Yes		
$Product \times Day \times Lender$		Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes

• Green products are much more (less) likely to be offered to buyers only (remortgagors)

Driven exclusively by products offering cashback

Customer acquisition: cashback offers prevalent in the owner-occupied segment

Dependent Variable:		Stated Benefit: Cashback (Binary)							
Sample:	AI	l Green Produ	icts	5 Only					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Owner-occupied Segment	0.517*** (0.183)	0.837*** (0.142)	0.721*** (0.191)	0.899*** (0.086)	0.931*** (0.088)	0.871*** (0.138)			
Constant	0.222 (0.151)	-0.000 (0.104)	0.080 (0.139)	0.064 (0.058)	0.053 (0.078)	0.106 (0.122)			
Observations	464,758	449,047	433,161	256,490	251,398	235,512			
Adjusted R-Squared Mean Dep. Variable	0.62 0.60	$\begin{array}{c} 0.91 \\ 0.61 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.90 \\ 0.61 \end{array}$	0.80 0.85	0.98 0.87	0.98 0.88			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product\timesBorrower\timesDay$	Yes			Yes					
$Product\timesBorrower\timesDay\timesFinancialGroup$		Yes			Yes				
$Product\timesBorrower\timesDay\timesLender$			Yes			Yes			

Cashback-based products are more likely to be offered in the owner-occupied segment

► Holds within financial group or lender

Customer acquisition: cashback offers target new builds and financially constrained

Sample:	All Green Pr	oducts	Top 7 Lende	rs Only	
Dependent Variable:	Available to New Builds (Binary)	Shared Ownership (Binary)	Available to New Builds (Binary)	Shared Ownership (Binary) (4)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)		
Green	0.01	-0.08**	-0.04	-0.19***	
	(0.03)	(0.04)	(0.09)	(0.02)	
Cashback (Binary) $[\beta_1]$	0.07	0.12**	0.18*	0.22***	
	(0.06)	(0.06)	(0.10)	(0.07)	
Green $ imes$ Cashback (Binary) [eta_2]	0.09**	0.08*	0.09	0.13***	
	(0.05)	(0.05)	(0.09)	(0.04)	
Constant	0.18***	0.15***	0.24***	0.27***	
	(0.02)	(0.02)	(0.04)	(0.03)	
Observations	2,681,817	2,681,817	1,038,145	1,038,145	
Adjusted R-Squared	0.57	0.57	0.37	0.59	
Mean Dep. Variable	0.21	0.19	0.33	0.35	
P-value $\beta_1 + \beta_2$	0.02	0.00	0.03	0.00	
Fixed Effects:					
$Product \times Day \times Lender$	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	

Green products offering cashback are:

- 1. More likely to be available to new builds Market characteristics by EPC rating
- 2. More likely to be offered under *Shared Ownership* schemes Definitions

Main Take-Aways

- First large-sample characterization of green mortgages on offer available to both homeowners and investors
- These products offer financial benefits for energy-efficient properties
- Significant heterogeneity in the nature and magnitude of the financial benefits:
 - Preferential rate: 9-35 b.p. discount, annual gains of £180-£700
 - Cashback: annual gains of £49-£56
- Evidence does not support lower financing risk explanation
- Evidence supports customer acquisition explanation, as part of lenders' product differentiation strategy, for cashback-based products

THANK YOU

Green Mortgages

João F. Cocco, Bernardo Mendes, S. Lakshmi Naaraayanan

Appendix

FCA's view of green mortgages



The FCA's view of green mortgages

Speeches	First published: 19/04/2023	Last updated: 19/04/2023	Print Page	Share page

What are green mortgages?

I am here to talk to you about a topic that is becoming increasingly important in today's mortgage market – green home finance, often known as 'green mortgages'. Let's start by exploring what we mean by 'green mortgages', as there isn't a commonly-accepted definition, and regulated returns data do not distinguish between 'green' and 'normal' mortgages.

-

in V m

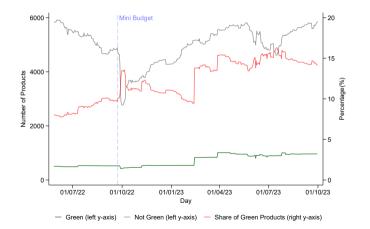
What we do know is that the reference to 'green' relates to the property the mortgage is taken out on, rather than the mortgage itself. So perhaps 'green home finance' is a more accurate term?

But whatever we call it, in essence we are referring to a mortgage which includes an incentive for people to either purchase an energy-efficient property, or improve the energy efficiency of an existing property. The incentives vary, but typically involve a discount to the fixed rate, or cashback payable after completion of the improvement.



Green mortgages in the UK

Owner-occupied Mortgage Market



▶ Landlord Market → Share of Lenders → Back

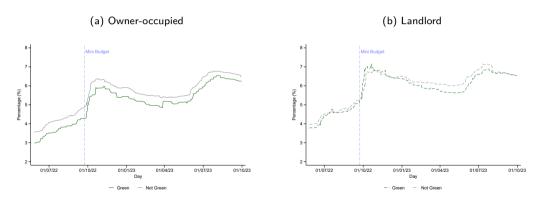
Green mortgages in the UK

	Panel A: Owner-occupied									
		Green (n =	346,777)			Not Green $(n = 2, 464, 183)$				
	Mean	Std. Dev.	p25	p75	Mean	Std. Dev.	p25	p75		
Fixation Term (Years)	3.75	2.28	2.00	5.00	3.43	2.08	2.00	5.00		
Maximum LTV Ratio (%)	78.43	10.62	75.00	85.00	77.86	11.89	70.00	85.00		
Fixed Rate Mortgage (Binary)	0.90	0.30	1.00	1.00	0.85	0.36	1.00	1.00		
Available to First Time Buyers (Binary)	0.69	0.46	0.00	1.00	0.66	0.47	0.00	1.00		
Available to Second Time Buyers (Binary)	0.64	0.48	0.00	1.00	0.65	0.48	0.00	1.00		
Available to Remortgagors (Binary)	0.36	0.48	0.00	1.00	0.60	0.49	0.00	1.00		
Available to Other Borrowers (Binary)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07	0.26	0.00	0.00		
Initial Rate (%)	5.26	1.18	4.43	6.14	5.51	1.52	4.48	6.37		
Reversion Rate (%)	7.18	1.43	6.20	7.99	6.86	1.44	5.74	7.87		
Cashback (Binary)	0.73	0.45	0.00	1.00	0.29	0.45	0.00	1.00		
Cashback Amount (£)	333.91	317.11	0.00	500.00	121.55	241.75	0.00	250.00		
Total Flat Fees (£)	517.34	523.32	0.00	999.00	626.91	613.89	0.00	999.00		
Total Percent Fees (%)	0.00	0.04	0.00	0.00	0.02	0.13	0.00	0.00		
Stated Benefit (Green): Preferential Rate (Binary)	0.39	0.49	0.00	1.00	-	-	_	_		
Stated Benefit (Green): Cashback (Binary)	0.76	0.43	1.00	1.00	-	-	_	_		
Stated Benefit (Green): Reduced Fees (Binary)	0.01	0.08	0.00	0.00	_	_	_	_		

Summary Statistics: Green and Not Green Mortgages

Green mortgages in the UK

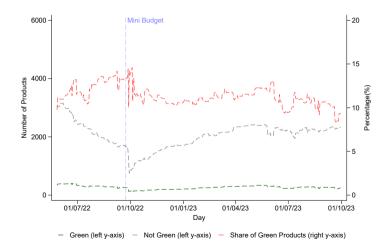






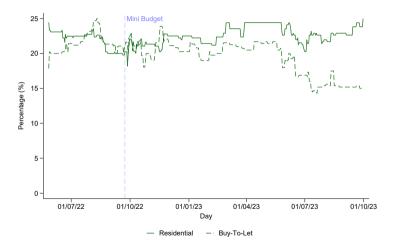
Green products are significant and increasingly prominent in the UK

Landlord Mortgage Market



▶ Back

Share of lender offering green mortagages



▶ Back

UK housing stock

Dwelling Age	% of Properties Within Energy Efficiency Rating		g	Energy Use (KWh/m²/year)	Energy Cost (£/year)	CO ₂ Emissions Tonnes/Year	Number of Dwellings (000s)		
	A/B	С	A/B/C	D	E/F/G				
Pre-1919		21	21	56	23	275	1,894	5.7	5,099
1919-44		28	28	63	9	247	1,592	4.4	3,801
1945-64	1	47	48	45	6	231	1,370	3.7	4,550
1965-80	1	49	49	43	7	235	1,346	3.7	4,674
1981-90	3	57	60	34	6	227	1,251	3.4	1,660
Post-1990	13	70	83	15	2	176	1,074	2.8	5,376

Energy Performance of Dwellings in the UK, 2022



Summary statistics: Landlord market

				Panel	B: Landlord	d		
		Green (n =	129,365)		Not Green $(n = 1,010,984)$			
	Mean	Std. Dev.	p25	p75	Mean	Std. Dev.	p25	p75
Fixation Term (Years)	3.97	1.81	2.00	5.00	3.33	1.77	2.00	5.00
Maximum LTV Ratio (%)	70.65	7.32	65.00	75.00	71.18	7.25	65.00	75.00
Fixed Rate Mortgage (Binary)	0.91	0.28	1.00	1.00	0.79	0.41	1.00	1.00
Available to First Time Buyers (Binary)	0.10	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.18	0.39	0.00	0.00
Available to Second Time Buyers (Binary)	0.81	0.40	1.00	1.00	0.82	0.38	1.00	1.00
Available to Remortgagors (Binary)	0.80	0.40	1.00	1.00	0.81	0.39	1.00	1.00
Available to Other Borrowers (Binary)	0.04	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.27	0.00	0.00
Initial Rate (%)	5.70	1.30	4.84	6.65	5.91	1.69	4.84	6.75
Reversion Rate (%)	7.51	1.51	6.24	8.59	7.55	1.56	6.25	8.74
Cashback (Binary)	0.27	0.44	0.00	1.00	0.15	0.36	0.00	0.00
Cashback Amount (£)	147.10	286.61	0.00	300.00	51.92	128.93	0.00	0.00
Total Flat Fees (£)	731.81	1,173.26	0.00	995.00	842.62	907.12	0.00	1,495.00
Total Percent Fees (%)	1.51	1.23	0.00	2.00	1.64	1.33	0.00	2.00
Stated Benefit (Green): Preferential Rate (Binary)	0.78	0.41	1.00	1.00	_	-	_	_
Stated Benefit (Green): Cashback (Binary)	0.14	0.35	0.00	0.00	-	_	_	-
Stated Benefit (Green): Reduced Fees (Binary)	0.06	0.23	0.00	0.00	_	-	_	_



Summary statistics by lender category

				Panel A: Ov	vner-occupi	ed		
	Тор	7 Lender	E	Banks	Buildir	ng Societies	C	Others
Number of Green Observations	2	26,266	6	3,024	6,791		50,696	
Number of Non-Green Observations	83	826,948		457,456		51,451	628,328	
Share of Green		0.21		0.12		0.01	0.07	
	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green
Fixation Term (Years)	4.07	3.76	3.17	3.46	1.25	3.17	3.38	3.20
Maximum LTV Ratio (%)	78.36	78.73	78.19	77.81	84.03	80.17	78.25	74.74
Fixed Rate Mortgage (Binary)	0.92	0.86	0.87	0.94	0.15	0.70	0.93	0.90
Available to First Time Buyers (Binary)	0.61	0.47	0.66	0.72	0.99	0.70	1.00	0.83
Available to Second Time Buyers (Binary)	0.55	0.44	0.66	0.77	0.99	0.68	1.00	0.81
Available to Remortgagors (Binary)	0.22	0.41	0.43	0.71	0.62	0.62	0.89	0.76
Available to Other Borrowers (Binary)	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.09	0.00	0.00
Initial Rate (%)	5.00	4.90	5.07	5.45	4.95	4.86	6.74	6.92
Reversion Rate (%)	7.03	6.66	6.41	6.83	6.66	6.27	8.74	7.78
Cashback (Binary)	0.92	0.30	0.53	0.38	0.08	0.25	0.21	0.23
Cashback Amount (£)	366.76	116.08	397.04	187.13	18.00	95.88	150.61	103.53
Total Flat Fees (£)	550.72	586.16	165.71	700.68	565.51	571.49	799.05	676.79
Total Percent Fees (%)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.04	0.24	0.05	0.00	0.02
Stated Benefit (Green): Preferential Rate (Binary)	0.11	-	1.00	-	0.92	-	0.79	-
Stated Benefit (Green): Cashback (Binary)	0.97	-	0.51	-	0.08	-	0.21	-
Stated Benefit (Green): Reduced Fees (Binary)	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	-	0.04	-



Summary statistics by lender category

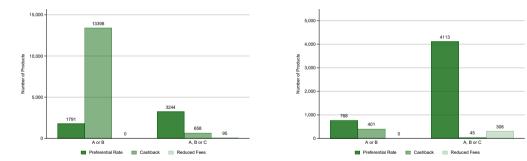
				Panel B:	Landlord			
	Top	7 Lender		Banks	Buildin	g Societies	C	Others
Number of Green Observations	30),936	2	21,931		1,570		4,928
Number of Non-Green Observations	22	223,841		161.642		02,751	422,750	
Share of Green	(0.12		0.12	(0.007	0.15	
	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green	Green	Non-Green
Fixation Term (Years)	3.56	3.43	3.94	3.51	2.79	3.08	4.17	3.33
Maximum LTV Ratio (%)	67.00	67.80	70.24	72.34	77.05	70.86	72.14	72.69
Fixed Rate Mortgage (Binary)	1.00	0.89	0.90	0.90	0.43	0.60	0.89	0.79
Available to First Time Buyers (Binary)	0.20	0.12	0.10	0.05	0.00	0.14	0.05	0.29
Available to Second Time Buyers (Binary)	0.35	0.66	0.87	0.89	0.95	0.67	0.97	0.95
Available to Remortgagors (Binary)	0.65	0.61	0.80	0.80	0.73	0.74	0.86	0.96
Available to Other Borrowers (Binary)	0.00	0.11	0.13	0.05	0.00	0.13	0.03	0.04
Initial Rate (%)	5.04	5.04	5.51	5.67	4.33	5.08	6.05	6.87
Reversion Rate (%)	7.44	7.27	7.22	7.76	6.37	6.74	7.66	8.06
Cashback (Binary)	0.33	0.33	0.25	0.11	0.53	0.19	0.24	0.05
Cashback Amount (£)	98.37	122.53	80.86	40.21	203.23	61.64	185.48	14.35
Total Flat Fees (£)	1,471.05	940.84	651.44	928.07	820.24	1,105.78	106.83	464.09
Total Percent Fees (%)	0.00	0.89	1.59	1.85	0.00	0.49	1.67	1.96
Stated Benefit (Green): Preferential Rate (Binary)	1.00	_	0.87	_	0.46	_	0.67	_
Stated Benefit (Green): Cashback (Binary)	0.00	-	0.00	-	0.05	_	0.24	_
Stated Benefit (Green): Reduced Fees (Binary)	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.00	_	0.10	_



Stated benefits of green mortgages

(a) Owner-occupied

(b) Landlord

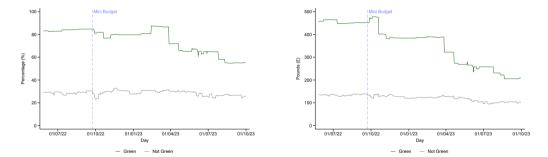




Time-series of probability of offering cashback and cashback amount

(a) Owner-occupied

(b) Landlord





Magnitude of the financial benefits: Initial rate

			All Green	Products						
Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)									
Segment:		Owner-occupie	d		Landlord					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)				
Green	-0.39** (0.18)	-0.24* (0.14)	-0.04** (0.02)	-0.18 (0.23)	-0.13 (0.19)	-0.05 (0.05)				
Constant	5.53*** (0.17)	5.51*** (0.13)	5.52*** (0.00)	5.91*** (0.19)	5.92*** (0.15)	5.96*** (0.01)				
Observations	2,802,916	2,775,739	2,555,194	1,138,870	1,126,318	1,062,067				
Adjusted R-Squared	0.54	0.65	0.95	0.53	0.62	0.94				
Mean Dep. Variable	5.48	5.48	5.51	5.89	5.90	5.95				
Fixed Effects:										
$Product \times Day$	Yes			Yes						
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes					
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes				



Magnitude of the financial benefits: Initial rate

Restricting the sample to products offered by top 7 lenders

Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)								
Segment:	C	Wner-occupi	ed	Landlord					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Green	-0.19*** (0.03)	-0.21*** (0.04)	-0.20*** (0.01)	-0.19** (0.07)	-0.17*** (0.05)	-0.10*** (0.03)			
Constant	4.90*** (0.02)	4.90*** (0.02)	4.90*** (0.00)	5.06*** (0.03)	5.06*** (0.02)	5.04*** (0.00)			
Observations	849,468	845,059	822,738	254,006	246,977	230,450			
Adjusted R-Squared	0.90	0.91	0.96	0.84	0.85	0.85			
Mean Dep. Variable	4.90	4.90	4.89	5.04	5.04	5.03			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product\timesDay$	Yes			Yes					
$Product\timesBorrower\timesDay$		Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes			



Magnitude of the financial benefits: Cashback

			All Green	Products			
Dependent Variable:	C	ashback (Binar	y)	Cashback Amount (£)			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Green	0.42*** (0.13)	0.34*** (0.13)	0.39** (0.15)	206.17*** (52.85)	158.60*** (41.50)	145.24** (65.51)	
Constant	0.29*** (0.03)	0.30*** (0.03)	0.30*** (0.02)	122.50*** (16.39)	128.96*** (15.96)	133.55*** (8.75)	
Observations	2,802,916	2,775,739	2,555,194	2,802,812	2,775,635	2,555,174	
Adjusted R-Squared	0.13	0.26	0.60	0.11	0.24	0.63	
Mean Dep. Variable	0.34	0.34	0.35	147.98	148.71	152.95	
Fixed Effects:							
$Product\timesDay$	Yes			Yes			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes		
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes	



Magnitude of the financial benefits: Cashback

Restricting the sample to products offered by top 7 lenders

Dependent Variable:	C	ashback (Binar	y)	Cas	Cashback Amount (£)			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Green	0.61*** (0.08)	0.50*** (0.14)	0.55*** (0.16)	249.04*** (47.35)	187.33*** (29.39)	214.76*** (31.83)		
Constant	0.30*** (0.05)	0.33*** (0.05)	0.31*** (0.03)	117.05*** (22.58)	129.52*** (16.79)	122.25*** (6.86)		
Observations	1,042,996	1,038,697	1,015,759	1,042,996	1,038,697	1,015,759		
Adjusted R-Squared	0.27	0.44	0.60	0.23	0.61	0.80		
Mean Dep. Variable	0.43	0.43	0.43	169.36	169.03	168.56		
Fixed Effects:								
$Product \times Day$	Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes		



Lender heterogeneity

Adjusted R-Squared Across Various Fixed Effects Specifications

Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)	Cashback (Binary)	Cashback Amount (£)
Fixed Effects Specification:			
Owner-occupied			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$	0.64	0.27	0.19
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender Category$	0.82	0.35	0.37
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$	0.95	0.67	0.60
Landlord:			
$Product\timesBorrower\timesDay$	0.62	0.18	0.16
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender Category$	0.73	0.32	0.29
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$	0.94	0.50	0.45



Financial groups

▶ Consolidated lender classification based on the ultimate ownership of brands or subsidiaries

Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)								
Segment:		Owner-occupie	d	Landlord					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Green	-0.35 (0.31)	-0.35* (0.20)	-0.09** (0.04)	-0.36 (0.24)	-0.30 (0.18)	-0.13*** (0.02)			
Constant	5.53*** (0.18)	5.53*** (0.14)	5.55*** (0.00)	5.90*** (0.19)	5.91*** (0.16)	5.94*** (0.00)			
Observations	2,591,029	2,563,852	2,373,853	1,110,279	1,097,708	1,046,444			
Adjusted R-Squared	0.53	0.64	0.94	0.53	0.62	0.94			
Mean Dep. Variable	5.51	5.52	5.54	5.87	5.88	5.93			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product \times Day$	Yes			Yes					
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Financial Group$			Yes			Yes			



Financial groups

Consolidated lender classification based on the ultimate ownership of brands or subsidiaries

Dependent Variable:	C	ashback (Binar	y)	Cas	Cashback Amount (£)			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Green	0.62*** (0.07)	0.53*** (0.10)	0.51*** (0.14)	295.98*** (63.27)	241.76*** (48.45)	206.06*** (48.88)		
Constant	0.29*** (0.03)	0.30*** (0.03)	0.31*** (0.01)	123.20*** (17.03)	128.95*** (17.10)	136.04*** (5.09)		
Observations	2,718,053	2,691,805	2,497,826	2,717,949	2,691,701	2,497,806		
Adjusted R-Squared	0.19	0.30	0.62	0.15	0.27	0.67		
Mean Dep. Variable	0.35	0.35	0.36	151.74	152.49	157.51		
Fixed Effects:								
Product imes Day	Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Financial Group$			Yes			Yes		



Product fees

► Flat fees charged on products offered

Dependent Variable:			Flat Fe	es (£)			
Segment:		Owner-occupie	d	Landlord			
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
Green	-94.24 (65.31)	-43.22 (60.78)	28.04 (27.80)	-87.14 (255.54)	-73.21 (218.48)	-157.96 (199.79)	
Constant	625.24*** (26.82)	618.92*** (22.94)	611.47*** (3.75)	841.07*** (56.76)	833.47*** (46.37)	832.94*** (22.25)	
Observations	2,774,254	2,750,445	2,531,803	748,365	735,559	678,843	
Adjusted R-Squared	0.04	0.08	0.22	0.08	0.12	0.32	
Mean Dep. Variable	613.47	613.48	615.25	831.70	825.48	815.35	
Fixed Effects:							
$Product\timesDay$	Yes			Yes			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes		
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes	



Product fees

Percentage fees charged on products offered

Dependent Variable:	Percent Fees (%)							
Segment:	C	wner-occupied	Landlord					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Green	-0.01* (0.01)	-0.01* (0.00)	-0.00 (0.00)	-0.22 (0.28)	-0.13 (0.23)	-0.14 (0.11)		
Constant	0.02^{***} (0.01)	0.02*** (0.01)	0.01 ^{***} (0.00)	1.65*** (0.13)	1.66*** (0.08)	1.74*** (0.02)		
Observations	1,208,625	1,190,379	909,065	772,302	757,500	715,333		
Adjusted R-Squared	0.20	0.25	0.97	0.21	0.35	0.62		
Mean Dep. Variable	0.02	0.02	0.01	1.62	1.65	1.72		
Fixed Effects:								
$Product\timesDay$	Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes			
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes		



Reversion rate

Dependent Variable:	Reversion Rate (%)								
Segment:		Owner-occupie	d	Landlord					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Green	0.07 (0.14)	0.14 (0.10)	-0.00 (0.00)	-0.00 (0.15)	0.06 (0.13)	-0.02* (0.01)			
Constant	6.89*** (0.10)	6.88*** (0.08)	6.94*** (0.00)	7.55*** (0.10)	7.55*** (0.09)	7.59*** (0.00)			
Observations	2,662,324	2,638,494	2,428,978	1,071,034	1,060,557	998,881			
Adjusted R-Squared	0.74	0.78	0.99	0.64	0.73	0.98			
Mean Dep. Variable	6.90	6.90	6.94	7.55	7.56	7.59			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product\timesDay$	Yes			Yes					
$Product \times Borrower \times Day$		Yes			Yes				
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$			Yes			Yes			

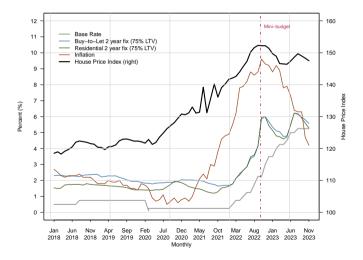


Interaction between stated benefits and contractual features

	Owner-occupied Segment								
Dependent Variable:	Initial Rate (%)	Cashback (Binary)	Cashback amount (£)	Flat fees (£)	Reversion Rate (%				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)				
Green \times Stated Benefit: Cashback	-0.01	0.66***	281.50***	-23.66	-0.00				
	(0.00)	(0.14)	(29.16)	(26.37)	(0.00)				
Green $ imes$ Stated Benefit: Preferential Rate	-0.20***	-0.12	-119.11	116.08*	-0.00*				
	(0.06)	(0.11)	(94.06)	(65.89)	(0.00)				
Green $ imes$ Stated Benefit: Both	0.05	0.15	34.31	87.05	-0.00*				
	(0.13)	(0.14)	(40.06)	(170.35)	(0.00)				
Constant	5.52***	0.30***	132.93***	611.77***	6.94***				
	(0.00)	(0.01)	(3.73)	(3.95)	(0.00)				
Observations	2,555,156	2,555,156	2,555,136	2,531,765	2,428,942				
Adjusted R-Squared	0.95	0.65	0.66	0.22	0.99				
Mean Dep. Variable	5.51	0.35	152.95	615.25	6.94				
Fixed Effects:									
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes				

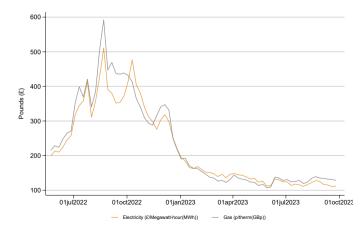


Mini-Budget Announcement



Energy Prices

- Wholesale forward delivery contracts price (Source: Ofgem)
- Weekly frequency
- ▶ The cost of suppliers purchasing wholesale energy is the largest component of a customer's bill



Energy Prices

Weekly electricity price

	Owner-occupied Segment							
Dependent Variable:		Initial Rate (%))	Cashback amount (£)				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)		
Green	-0.0817*** (0.0099)	-0.0768*** (0.0106)	-0.0739*** (0.0116)	285.2859*** (32.6096)	287.5036*** (34.5314)	286.7157*** (34.5834)		
Green $ imes$ Weekly Electricity Price	-0.0001 (0.0002)			-0.3567 (0.2566)				
Green $ imes$ Weekly Electricity Price (2-Weeks Lead)		-0.0001 (0.0002)			-0.3722 (0.2707)			
Green $ imes$ Weekly Electricity Price (4-Weeks Lead)			-0.0001 (0.0002)			-0.3733 (0.2747)		
Constant	5.5565*** (0.0020)	5.5565*** (0.0020)	5.5565*** (0.0021)	135.1765*** (4.3449)	135.1771*** (4.3321)	135.1798*** (4.3351)		
Observations	2,344,562	2,344,562	2,344,562	2,469,236	2,469,236	2,469,236		
Adjusted R-Squared	0.95	0.95	0.95	0.67	0.67	0.67		
Mean Dep. Variable	5.55	5.55	5.55	157.48	157.48	157.48		
Fixed Effects:								
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes		



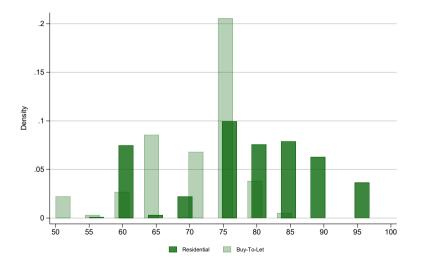
Energy Prices

► Weekly gas price

	Owner-occupied Segment								
Dependent Variable:		Initial Rate (%)		Cashback amount (£)					
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)			
Green	-0.0786*** (0.0112)	-0.0748*** (0.0118)	-0.0733*** (0.0126)	279.6319*** (30.1707)	279.8198*** (30.7353)	278.9698** (30.6376)			
Green \times Weekly Gas Price	-0.0001 (0.0001)			-0.3165 (0.2267)					
Green $ imes$ Weekly Gas Price (2-Weeks Lead)		-0.0001 (0.0001)			-0.3209 (0.2325)				
Green $ imes$ Weekly Gas Price (4-Weeks Lead)			-0.0001 (0.0001)			-0.3212 (0.2346)			
Constant	5.5565*** (0.0020)	5.5565*** (0.0021)	5.5565*** (0.0021)	135.1797*** (4.3574)	135.1816*** (4.3569)	135.1845** (4.3629)			
Observations Adjusted R-Squared	2,344,562 0.95	2,344,562 0.95	2,344,562 0.95	2,469,236 0.67	2,469,236 0.67	2,469,236 0.67			
Mean Dep. Variable	5.55	5.55	5.55	157.48	157.48	157.48			
Fixed Effects:									
$Product \times Borrower \times Day \times Lender$	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			

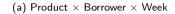
▶ Back

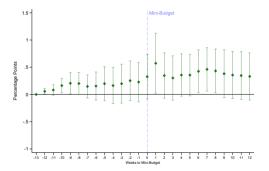
Distribution of maximum LTV for green products



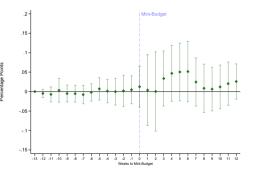
▶ Back

Cash-flow channel: Landlord Market





(b) Lender \times Product \times Borrower \times Week

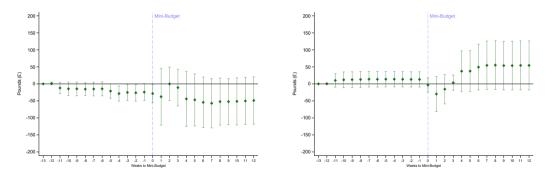




Cash-flow channel: Cashback amount

(a) Product \times Borrower \times Week

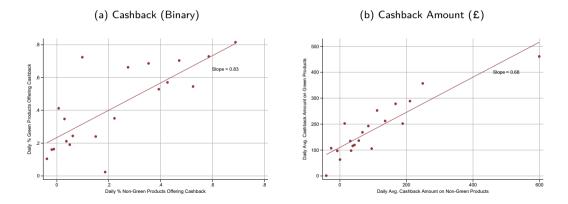






Cashback as acquisition strategy

- Lenders offering cashback on non-green products are also likely to do so for green products
- Suggests cashback on green mortgage is part of a broader customer acquisition strategy





Market characteristics by EPC rating

		EPC Rating:							
	A	В	С	D	E	F	G		
EPC Data (Full Sample):									
Nr. of Properties	80,266	2,814,350	6,536,408	7,963,413	3,228,962	824,070	244,960		
Property Construction Year	2,006	2,005	1,971	1,950	1,938	1,930	1,923		
Owner-Occupied (Binary)	0.69	0.58	0.44	0.60	0.66	0.71	0.71		
Total Floor Area	114.43	86.65	77.76	87.45	97.19	107.79	102.12		
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	17,254.06	16,206.48	14,258.47	15,444.79	15,752.64	16,024.52	14,535.48		
Income Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	17,621.42	16,346.24	14,142.00	15,440.31	16,186.76	17,223.19	16,034.44		
Employment Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	17,573.83	17,163.05	14,608.73	15,579.30	16,290.19	17,197.42	16,072.93		
Education, Skills and Training Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	16,793.61	16,937.78	14,958.34	15,829.76	16,663.51	17,448.97	16,401.46		
Price Paid (A/B/C) - EPC Merge Data (27/05/2022 - 30/09/2023)	:								
Nr. of Transactions	6,347	230,137	369,498						
Property Construction Year	2,015	2,017	1,972						
Transaction Price	500,969.31	405,439.18	351,034.83						
New Build	0.54	0.57	0.02						
Total Floor Area	126.71	97.45	90.48						
Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) Rank (where 1 is most deprived)	19,824.44	18,482.24	17,325.27						



Help to Buy schemes: Shared Ownership and Shared Equity

Shared Ownership

- Buy a portion of the property (e.g., 25%) and pay rent on the rest
- Example: £200,000 home
 - ▶ Buy 25% share = £50,000
 - 10% deposit = \pounds 5,000; mortgage = \pounds 45,000
 - Pay rent on remaining £150,000 share

Source

Shared Equity

- Buy with a small deposit; government or provider offers a loan for part of the price
- Example: £200,000 home
 - ▶ 5% deposit = £10,000
 - ▶ 75% mortgage = £150,000
 - 20% equity loan = $\pounds40,000$
 - Buyer fully owns the property
 - Source

